

Open Water Safety Plan Application

Instructions

- Before applying for a USMS open water sanction, event hosts must review their event information and safety plans with their LMSC Sanctioning Officer. Upon approval from the LMSC Sanctioning Officer, the event host is then ready to apply for sanction.
- When applying for a USMS open water sanction, event hosts are required to submit their safety plan for review and approval by the Open Water Compliance Coordinator (OWCC) ON THIS APPLICATION through the online sanction process. We welcome additional supporting information—after all, many event hosts have developed extensive safety plans over years of hosting events—but everyone must submit this completed application to ensure that all pertinent points are covered in safety planning.
- Using a Google Earth map or equivalent, event hosts are also required to upload a map of the venue and course with the safety plan application. Maps must include locations of start & finish, guide & turn buoys, feeding stations, safety craft, lifeguards/first responders, on-site medical care, and evacuation points.
- In the best scenario, the Safety Director should assist the event host in the developing the event safety plan. If the Safety Director did not take part in developing of the safety plan (usually in the case of appointment after the sanction request or in the case of a substantially unchanged safety plan developed over years of experience), the event host must give the Safety Director a copy of the approved safety plan.
- Upon request, USMS OWCC David Minor will send you a copy of the approved safety plan. Contact David at openwateradvisor@usmastersswimming.org or 317-989-3164.

Open Water Safety Plan Application

Event Information

General Information

Name of Host: Central Oregon Masters Aquatics

Name of Event: Central Oregon Coast Swims at Eel Lake

Event Location: Eel Lake

City: Lakeside State: OR LMSC: Oregon

Event Dates: 8/17/2024 through 8/17/2024 Length of Swim(s): 500, 1500, & 3000-meter

Dual Sanctioned with USA-Swimming: No

Key Event Personnel

Director(s):

Event Director: Bob Bruce Phone: 541-317-4851 E-mail: coachbobbruce@gmail.com

Referee: Bob Bruce Phone: 541-317-4851 E-mail: coachbobbruce@gmail.com

Trained Safety Director: TBD Phone: 000-000-0000 E-mail: Click to enter e-mail address

Pre-Race Officials Meeting (required) all officials and safety personnel must attend

Tentative date: 8/17/2024 Time: 30 minutes before each swim

Tentative agenda: Review duties, positioning, and procedures for officials & safety personnel.

Pre-Race Swimmer Meeting (required) all swimmers must attend to participate in race

Tentative date: 8/17/2024 Time: 15 minutes before each swim

Tentative agenda: Review course, conditions, safety protocols, and other procedures.

Course & Event Conditions

The Course

Body of water: Lake Water type: Fresh Water Water depth from: 0 to: 50 feet

Course: Closed-only event watercraft allowed

If open course, please indicate the agency used to control the traffic while swimmers are on the course.

Agency name: NA How to contact during event: NA

Expected water conditions for the swimmers: (marine life, tides, currents, underwater hazards) Still water; no

hazards expected

How is the course marked?

• Turn buoy(s): Height(s) 4 feet Color(s) Orange & Yellow Shape(s) Spherical

• Guide buoy(s): Height(s) none Color(s) NA Shape(s) NA

• Approximate Distance between Guide buoys: NA

Number of Feeding Stations: 0

Type of structure(s) used as feeding station(s): NA

Number of people the structure(s) can safely hold: NA

Water & Air Temperatures

Expected air temp range: 50-75 F Expected water temp range: 67-72 F Wetsuits: Optional

USMS Water Temperature Index for sanctioned open water events:

- Below 57°F (Very Cold) heat retaining swimwear and a Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is REQUIRED
- 57°F-60°F (Cold) heat-retaining swimwear is required or a Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is REQUIRED
- 60°F-66°F (Quite cool) Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is RECOMMENDED
- 66°F-72°F (Fairly cool) Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is ENCOURAGED
- 72°F-78°F (Cool) No Thermal Plan required
- 78°F-82°F (Optimal) Heat-retaining swimwear & neoprene caps are not permitted above 78°F.
- 82°F-85°F (Warm) Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims is RECOMMENDED
- 85°F-87.8°F (Very warm) Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims is REQUIRED
- 87.8°F-95°F (Hot) Sanctioned open water swims cannot be held
- Over 95°F (Extremely hot) Any swimming is ill-advised

USMS Water Temperature Measurement Procedure: Using an accurate thermometer, the event host should take three to five measurements at various places on the course—12 to 18 inches below the water surface and no closer to the shore than 25 meters (if possible)—within one hour before the start of an open water swim. The host should average these measurements, post and/or announce the resulting average temperature at least 30 minutes before the start of the swim, and announce it during the pre-race staff safety and swimmers' meetings.

Water Quality

It is recommended that one week before the event, check water quality. If results returned are inconsistent with the local governing body's standards, notify swimmers who participated in the event of any known exposures post-race. If an exceptional event such as heavy rain or flooding affects the water quality, the Event Director, Referee, or Safety Director shall have the authority to postpone or cancel the race. It is recommended to take and retain water samples on race day and retain for reference.

As recommended above

Event Safety

Medical Personnel

Lead medical personnel (emergency trained) on site: EMTs from the U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary, EMT

Experience in sporting events (Marathon, Triathlon, Open water swim, etc.):

Will medical personnel be located on the course?

The number of medical personnel will be dependent on the course layout, number of swimmers in the water, expected conditions, etc. How many medical personnel do you plan to have on site? 2

First Responders/Lifeguards & Monitors

Indicate the qualifications of the first responders: Un-certified

Number on course: 3-5 Number on land: 1

Indicate their location on the Race Plan Map.

On-site Medical Care & Facilities

Describe onsite set up for medical care, such as medical treatment tent, heating/cooling tent or facility. etc., and indicate locations on the Race Plan Map. One EMT volunteer.

Ambulance/Emergency Transportation

Ambulance(s) onsite: Ambulance on call from Lakeside Fire Department On Call: 541-759-3939

Have you spoken with local emergency response agency regarding potential emergencies? Yes

Nearby Medical Facilities

Closest medical facility: Lower Umpqua Hospital Phone: 541-271-2171

Type of medical facility (urgent care, hospital, etc.): Hospital

Distance to closest medical facility: 2-5 miles Approximate transport time: less than 10 minutes

Watercraft

Motorized Watercraft:

• Owned/operated by government agencies (Coast Guard, police, fire & rescue, etc.):

• Owned/operated by volunteers or hired individuals:

Will all motorized watercraft with a propeller owned/operated by volunteers or hired individuals be equipped either with a propeller guard or a swimmer monitor? Yes

Other motorized watercraft:

• With propellers fore of the rudder: 0

• With impeller motor (jet ski, jet boat): 0

Anchored from start to finish: 0

Allocation of Watercraft:

Safety Watercraft:

o 1st Responders: Motorized: 1-2 Non-motorized: 5-8

o 2nd Responders: Motorized: 0 Non-motorized: 0

• Watercraft for race officials: Motorized: 0 Non-motorized: 2

• Watercraft for race supervision: Motorized: 0 Non-motorized: 0

Watercraft for feeding stations: Motorized: NA
 Non-motorized: NA

Watercraft for escorted events: Motorized: NA Non-motorized: NA

Other event watercraft: 0

Emergency Signal Flag Color for all watercraft: Red or yellow

Communications

Primary method between event officials: Radio Secondary method: Cell Phone

Primary method between medical personnel, first responders & safety craft: Radio (separate channel from Meet Officials)

Secondary method: Other

Swimmer Counting & Accountability

Describe method of swimmer body numbering: Shoulder/wrist marking

Describe method of electronic identification of swimmer (Recommended):NA

Describe different bright cap colors for various divisions (Recommended): No different colors

Describe method of accounting for all swimmers before, during and after swim(s): Count before swim as they enter the water, count as the swim finishes

Describe method of accounting for swimmers who do not finish: Swimmers or rescuers are instructed to report to the Referee.

Warm-up/Warm-down Safety Plan

Describe safety plan for warm-up/warm-down, include number and location of lifeguards and designated watercraft. Warm-up area is limited. Warm-up time is limited to 30 minutes before swimmer safety meeting. Spotters cover warm-up area during designated warm-up times. Swimmers choosing to warm up outside designated area or time will be notified in advance that they do so at their own risk.

Swimmer Management

Maximum number of swimmers on course at a time: 100

If more swimmers show up on the day of the swim(s), how will you adjust the safety plan to accommodate the increased number of entries? We plan to have plenty of spotters on hand; this has never been an issue in our past swims.

How will you deploy the safety staff and crafts distributed to supervise this event to ensure swift recognition, rescue, and treatment of any swimmer? Spaced evenly along the length of the course in zone coverage.

How will you deploy the safety staff to maximize rapid response to a troubled swimmer? Spaced evenly along the length of the course.

How will you alter the event if insufficient safety personnel/craft are available on the day of the swim(s)? We will delay the start until sufficient personnel and/or craft are available.

Describe your missing swimmer plan: Conduct a quick check of the course & shore. If needed, contact Coos County Search & Rescue and follow their plan.

Severe Weather Plan

Is a lightning detector or weather radio available on site? No

Describe your severe weather plan: Delay the start of the swim until conditions are safe. Evacuate the course if the swim is in progress.

Describe your course and site evacuation plan, including accounting for all swimmers and other participants: If mass evacuation from the water becomes necessary, the Safety Director will notify all spotters & rescuers by radio. Spotters and rescuers will then direct all swimmers to the nearest shoreline to the west, which is within 300 meters from all points on the course. The park abuts the course and the distance from the swim site is short, so swimmers may walk back to the swim area on the shore through the park.

Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims

General Information

Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims: USMS Rules for Open Water Swims state:

302.2.2A (1) A swim shall not begin if the water temperature is less than 60° F. (15.6° C.), unless heat-retaining swimwear is required of all swimmers or a USMS-approved thermal plan is in place.

302.2.2A (2) A swim in which heat retaining swimwear is required of all swimmers shall not begin if the water temperature is less than 57° F. (13.9° C.), unless a USMS-approved thermal plan is in place.

Remember that the average masters swimmer does little or no acclimatization to cold water, so even a small drop in water temperature—especially in the colder ranges—dramatically increases the odds of thermal issues: Cold Shock Response, Cold Incapacitation, Hypothermia, and Circum-rescue Collapse). Be Prepared!

- If your swim course has a remote chance of water temperature less than 60° F., you are **REQUIRED** to complete the thermal plan below, showing your specific commitment to increased swimmer preparation before the event, reduced swimmer exposure during the event, and maximize mitigation & treatment of thermal issues during & after the event.
- If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 60° F & 66° F., a thermal plan is **RECOMMENDED**.
- If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 66° F & 72° F., a thermal plan is **ENCOURAGED**.

How will you assist swimmer preparation before the event:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Emphasize & stress on entry information of possible cold water swim conditions.
- 2. Require prior cold water swim experience.
- 3. Require swimmer cold water preparation plan.
- 4. Refuse entry if swimmer is not acclimated to cold water swimming.

What method(s) of swimmer preparation will you take: NA

What action will you take to reduce swimmer exposure to thermal issues:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Cancel the swim(s).
- 2. Shorten swim(s) or institute/shorten time limits.
- 3. Encourage wetsuits for all swimmers.
- 4. Require wetsuits for all swimmers.

Explain your plan of action: NA

What extra medical care will you provide to mitigate & treat symptoms of thermal issues:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Bring in more emergency trained medical personnel and/or ambulances.
- 2. Bring in more volunteers to assist medical personnel.
- 3. Bring in more emergency craft and first responders on the course.
- 4. Increase warm beverages before the swim and at feeding stations.
- 5. Have special procedures (different than normal) for removing swimmers from the water & venue.
- 6. Increase warm beverages after the swim.
- 7. Increase thermal treatment gear (blankets, hot water bottles, etc.)
- 8. Make warm showers available on-site.
- 9. Make warming facilities (buildings, tents, vehicles, etc.) available on-site.
- 10. Other: Specify

Specify what extra listed items you will provide: NA

Comment on how you will be prepared to care for multiple medical issues: Sufficient personnel & gear

If the water temperature is below 72° F, will you be prepared to deal with cold water medical issues: Yes. In the 16-year history of swims at this lake, the water temperature has never been below 66° F.

Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims

General Information

Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims: USMS Rule 302.2.2A(3) for Open Water Swims states:

"A swim of 5K or greater shall not begin if the water temperature exceeds 29.45° C. (85°F.). A swim of less than 5K shall not begin if the water temperature exceeds 31° C. (87.8°F.)."

Remember that the average masters swimmer does little or no acclimatization to warm water, so even a small increase in water temperature—especially in the warmer ranges—dramatically increases the odds of thermal issues: Dehydration, Heat Stroke, and Hyperthermia. Be Prepared!

- If your swim course has a chance of water temperature from 85° F to 87.8° F, you are **REQUIRED** to complete the thermal plan below, showing your specific commitment to increased swimmer preparation before the event, reduced swimmer exposure during the event, and maximize mitigation & treatment of thermal issues during & after the event.

- If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 82° F & 85° F., a thermal plan is **RECOMMENDED**.

How will you assist swimmer preparation before the event:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Emphasize & stress on entry information of possible warm water swim conditions.
- 2. Require prior warm water swim experience.
- 3. Require swimmer warm water preparation plan.

What method(s) of swimmer preparation will you take: NA

What action will you take to reduce swimmer, official, and staff exposure to heat-related issues:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Cancel the swim(s).
- 2. Shorten swim(s) or institute/shorten time limits.
- 3. Remind all participants to stay well hydrated.
- 4. Remind swimmers to select appropriate pace.
- 5. Make swim caps optional or use Lycra swim caps.

Explain your plan of action: NA

What extra medical care will you provide to mitigate & treat symptoms of heat-related issues:

The following methods are among the ways you can do this:

- 1. Bring in more emergency trained medical personnel and/or ambulances.
- 2. Bring in more volunteers to assist medical personnel.
- 3. Bring in more emergency craft and first responders on the course.
- 4. Increase cool beverages before, during and after the swim (for swimmers and staff, including extra cool beverages on watercraft and feeding stations)
- 5. Increase heat exhaustion and heat stroke treatment gear (iced water, ice chips, cold water bottles, misting tents/fans, etc.)
- 6. Make cool showers available on-site.
- 7. Make shade and cooling facilities (buildings, tents, etc.) available on-site.
- 8. Other: Specify

Specify what extra listed items you will need to provide: NA

Comment on how you will be prepared to care for multiple medical issues: NA

If the water temperature is above 82° F, will you be prepared to deal with heat-related medical issues: In the 16-year history of swims at this lake, the water temperature has never been higher than 72° F.